

Mark Scheme (Results)

Summer 2021

Pearson Edexcel International GCSE In Chemistry (4CH1) Paper 2C

Question number			Answer	Notes	Marks
1	(a)	(i)	silicon	ALLOW Si	1
		(ii)	boron	ALLOW B	1
		(iii)	magnesium	ALLOW Mg	1
	(b)	(i)	16 / sixteen		1
		(ii)	2.8.3 / 2,8,3	ACCEPT diagram showing correct electron configuration	1
				ALLOW correct electron configuration using s and p notation	
		(iii)	does not (easily) gain/lose/share electrons	ALLOW full outer shell/energy level	1
				ALLOW 8 electrons in outer shell/energy level	
					Total 6

Question number		Answer	Notes	Marks
2 (a)	(i)	red-brown (coating on nail)	ACCEPT orange-brown / brown	1
			ALLOW orange	
			IGNORE rust colour	
			IGNORE red alone	
	(ii)	(hydrated) iron(III) oxide/ferric oxide	ACCEPT (hydrated) iron oxide	1
			REJECT iron oxide with incorrect oxidation state	
(b)		An explanation that links 4 of the following 5 points		4
		tube 1		
		M1 air/oxygen is needed for rusting		
		M2 boiled water does not contain air/oxygen	ALLOW 1 mark for no air/oxygen present as an alternative to M1 and M2	
		M3 oil keeps air/oxygen out	atternative to MT and M2	
		tube 2		
		M4 water/moisture is needed for rusting		
		M5 drying agent keeps water/moisture out	ALLOW 1 mark for no water/moisture present as an alternative to M4 and M5	
				Total 6

Quest numb		Answer	Notes	Marks
3 (a)	(i)	fractionating column/ fractionating tower	ALLOW fraction(al) column /fraction(al) tower IGNORE fractional distillation	1
	(ii)	fuel for ships/fuel for power stations		1
	(iii)	M1 fraction A refinery gases		2
		M2 fraction F bitumen		
(b)	(i)	C <sub>n</sub> H <sub>2n + 2</sub>	ALLOW x or N in place of n	1
	(ii)	An explanation that links the following 3 points M1 $C_{12}H_{26}$ has larger molecules/longer chain/ORA		3
		<b>M2</b> C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>26</sub> has stronger intermolecular forces/ORA	ACCEPT forces between molecules for intermolecular forces	
			ALLOW intermolecular bonds /bonds between molecules	
		$M3$ more energy is needed to separate the molecules/ overcome the forces in $C_{12}H_{26}$ /ORA	no M2 or M3 if implied that covalent bonds break	
(c)	(i)	silica/alumina	ACCEPT silicon dioxide /aluminium oxide /SiO <sub>2</sub> /Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> /aluminosilicates /zeolite	1
	(ii)	$C_{12}H_{26} \rightarrow C_9H_{20} + C_3H_6$		1
				Total 10

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (a) (i)	all points plotted correctly to the nearest grid line		1
(ii)	point at 50 °C and 17.5 g circled on grid/in table	ALLOW ECF from incorrect plotting	1
(iii)	smooth curve of best fit		1
(b)	Any two from		2
	M1 less than 25 cm³ of water was used  M2 the temperature was less than 50 °C  M3 not enough potassium nitrate was added  M4 the solution was not stirred	ALLOW ECF from incorrect plotting and incorrect point circled for M1 and M2 only	

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
4 (c)	M1 curve extended to 75 °C		2
	<b>M2</b> correct mass read from graph to the nearest grid line	expected answer around 39 to 40 g	
		0 marks if curve not extended	
(d)	M1 mass at 25 °C read from graph to nearest grid line		2
	M2 mass from graph multiplied by 4	expected answer around 44 g	
		ALLOW ECF from incorrect plotting	
			Total 9

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 (a)	Any two from:  M1 same general formula		2
	M2 each member differs from the next by CH <sub>2</sub>		
	M3 same functional group		
	M4 similar chemical properties/reactions	ALLOW same chemical properties/reactions	
	M5 trend/steady increase in physical properties	ACCEPT named physical properties e.g. trend in boiling points	
(b) (i)	H <sub>2</sub> SO <sub>4</sub>	If name and formula given, name must be correct.	1
(ii)	M1 from orange M2 to green	colours must be in the correct order	2
(iii)	M1  H H  I I  H-C-C-O-H  H H	Penalise no bond between O and H once only	2
	H O H O H O H		

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
5 (c) (i)	A discussion which refers to any six of the following points:		6
	Advantages of fermentation/disadvantages of hydration		
	M1 sugar cane can be re-grown/is renewable		
	<b>M2</b> crude oil is finite/cannot be replaced/is non-renewable		
	M3 fermentation uses lower temperatures so energy costs are lower/ hydration uses higher temperatures, so energy costs are higher		
	M4 fermentation uses lower pressure so energy costs are lower/ hydration uses higher pressure, so energy costs are higher		
	M5 yeast is a natural substance and not harmful/phosphoric acid is corrosive		
	Advantages of hydration/disadvantages of fermentation		
	<b>M6</b> hydration is a faster process/ fermentation is a slower process		
	M7 hydration gives pure ethanol/ fermentation gives impure ethanol		
	M8 growing sugar cane takes up land which could be used for growing food/rearing livestock		
	M9 hydration is a continuous process/fermentation is a batch process		
(ii)	$C_6H_{12}O_6 \rightarrow 2C_2H_5OH + 2CO_2$	ALLOW 2C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>6</sub> O for ethanol	1
		<b>ALLOW</b> multiples and fractions	
			Total 14

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6 (a) (i)	(squeaky) pop with lighted splint		1
(ii)	M1 (damp) litmus paper/ universal indicator  M2 bleached	ACCEPT turns white OR decolourised  ACCEPT (damp) blue litmus turns red and is bleached scores M1 and M2	2
(b) (i)	chloride ions/Cl - lose electrons /electrons are lost	ALLOW oxidation state of chlorine increases /changes from -1 to 0  REJECT chlorine loses electrons  REJECT reference to gain of oxygen	1
(ii)	2H <sup>+</sup> + 2e <sup>(-)</sup> → H <sub>2</sub>		1
(iii)	chlorine is toxic/poisonous		1
(iv)	(some) chlorine dissolves (in the solution)	ALLOW chlorine dissolves in water	1

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
6 (c) (i)	An explanation that links two of the following points		2
	M1 in solid sodium chloride the ions are not free to move/are in fixed positions		
	M2 in molten sodium chloride the ions are mobile		
	M3 ions/charged particles need to move for current (to flow) / to conduct electricity	No <b>marks</b> if reference to mobile electrons	
(ii)	<ul> <li>calculate the amount, in moles, of NaCl</li> <li>determine the amount, in moles, of Cl<sub>2</sub></li> <li>calculate the volume of Cl<sub>2</sub></li> <li>give the final answer in standard form</li> </ul>		4
	Example calculation		
	<b>M1</b> 23 400 000 <b>OR</b> 400 000 58.5		
	<b>M2</b> 400 000 <b>OR</b> 200 000	OR answer to M1	
	<b>M3</b> 200 000 x 24 <b>OR</b> 4 800 000 (dm <sup>3</sup> )	OR answer to M2 x 24	
	<b>M4</b> 4.8 x 10 <sup>6</sup> (dm <sup>3</sup> )	OR answer to M3 in standard form	
		correct answer in standard form without working scores 4	
		4 800 000 without working scores 3	
		9.6 x 10 <sup>6</sup> and 1.92 x 10 <sup>7</sup> score 3	
		9 600 000 and 19 200 000 score 2	
		M4 can be awarded for an answer in standard form as long as some working is shown	
			Total 13

Question number	Answer	Notes	Marks
7 (a)	M1 X conical flask		3
	M2 Y pipette		
	M3 Z burette		
(b)	B colourless		1
	A is not correct as the colour of phenolphthalein in phosphoric acid is not blue		
	C is not correct as phenolphthalein is pink in alkali not in acid		
	D is not correct as the colour of phenolphthalein in phosphoric acid is not red		

uestic umbe		Answer	Notes	Marks
(c)	(i)	ticks in boxes 1, 2 and 4		1
)	(ii)	<b>M1</b> 30.35 + 30.25 + 30.30		
		<b>M2</b> 30.30	30.30 without working scores 2	
			30.3 without working scores 1	
			If no results ticked then only use of 2 or 3 concordant titres can score both marks in (ii)	
			If only one result ticked then <b>M2</b> can be scored for averaging two or more titre values correctly	
			M1 CQ on results ticked	
			M2 CQ on correct calculation from M1	
			Answer to <b>M2</b> must be correct to 2dp	
(d)	(i)	<b>M1</b> 30.40 x 0.525 1000	If no division by 1000 giving an answer of 15.96 award 1 mark	2
		<b>M2</b> 0.01596 (mol)	correct answer without working scores 2	
	(ii)	$(0.01596 \div 3) = 0.00532 \text{ (mol)}$	<b>OR</b> answer to (i) ÷ 3	1
	(iii)	<b>M1</b> <u>0.00532 x 1000</u> 25.0	OR answer to (ii) x 1000 25.0	2
		<b>M2</b> 0.2128 (mol/dm³)	OR answer to M1 evaluated correctly	
			correct answer without working scores 2	
			ACCEPT answers to any number of sig figs except 1 throughout (d)	
			If no division by 1000 in (i) and no multiplication by 1000 in (iii) do not penalise twice	
				Total 12